Montreal Herald.

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOLUME LVIII. MONTREAL, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1866. NUMBER 9.

POST OFFICE,
MONTREAL, Dec. 4, 1865.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails at Montreal.

MAILS.	DUE.	CLOSE.
Quebec by Steamboat	7.00 a m	7.00 p m
Quebec by Railroad	8.00 a m	1.30 p m
North Shore Land Route	7.00 a m	4.30 p m
Sorel, Three Rivers, &c, by str	10.45 p m	7.00 a m
Canada West Day Train..[1]	11.40 a m	7.00 p m
Canada West Night Train..[2]	9.45 a m	2.15 p m
Lagrairie	9.45 a m	2.15 p m
St. Johns, C.E., Napierville and Clarenceville	9.45 a m	7.45 a m 2.15 p m
New York, Boston, Buffalo, Troy, &c	9.45 a m	2.15 p m
St. Hyacinthe, Melbourne and Island Pond[3]	7.00 a m 1.40 p m	8.20 a m 1.15 p m
Portland[4]	1.45 p m	7.00 p m
Chateauguay, Beauharnois and Huntingdon	6.30 p m	6.45 a m
Lachine	9.15 a m 6.15 p m	6.45 a m 2.00 p m
St. Remi, Hemmingford & Plattsburg	10.45 a m	2.00 p m
Chambly	11.00 a m	8.20 a m 2.15 p m
Longueuil	10.30 a m	2.00 p m
Contrecoeur, Varennes and Vercheres	.....	2.00 p m
St. Laurent, St. Eustache, St. Scholastique, &c	6.30 a m	7.00 a m
Ste. Rose, Ste. Therese, & Ste. Jerome	2.00 p m	7.00 a m
Rigaud, Carillon, Grenville and Way Offices to Ottawa	10.45 p m	6.45 a m
Terrebonne, New Glasgow	5.00 p m	7.00 a m
St. Johns, N.B., Halifax, & P.E. Island, via Portland, every Wednesday	7.00 a m	7.00 p m
Ditto fortnightly from Boston	.....	2.00 p m
Sault Ste. Marie, &c., via Toronto, every Tuesday	.....	7.00 p m

[1] Conductor's Bag open till 7.40 A.M.
[2] do do 7.40 P.M.
[3] do do 1.40 P.M.
[4] do do 8.00 P.M.

Registered letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.
All the above Mails are daily, except Sunday.

HOUSES.

TWO three-story first-class HOUSES TO LET on Berry Street, near Viger Square. Rent moderate.
Apply to
A. LUSIGNAN,
No. 31 Berry Street.
October 28 257

House For Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale a three-story BRICK HOUSE, No. 24 Dubord Street, facing the Cattle Market. This property will be sold on very easy terms. It will now yield a rental of upwards of $40 per month.
For the conditions address
JOS. SIMARD, Esq., N.P.,
No. 235 Lagauchetiere Street.
June 24. 149

TO LET,

A first-class VILLA RESIDENCE and GROUNDS No. 235 Drummond Street above Sherbrooke Street. The house is in perfect order, and the situation for health and beauty is unsurpassed. The Outbuildings are large and commodious.
C. TUGGEY,
61 Great St. James Street.
October 2. 234

TO LET.

A first-class OFFICE, fronting on St. Francois Xavier Street.
Address Post Office Box 238.
May 13. 113

LEGAL NOTICES.

Co-Partnership Notice

THE undersigned have entered into CO-PARTNERSHIP as WHOLESALE GROCERS, FLOUR AND PROVISION DEALERS, under the name and firm of J. HUDON & CO., and will carry on their Business from this day in the premises occupied by V. HUDON, Esq., 246 St. Paul Street, and 199 and 201 Commissioners Street.
J. HUDON,
A. S. HAMELIN,
CHS. P. HEBERT.
Montreal, 1st May, 1865. 102

FOR SALE.

M'MILLAN & CARSON
MERCHANT TAILORS
AND
IMPORTERS OF WOOLLENS,
&c., &c., &c.,
148 and 150 McGILL STREET,

Beg to inform their Customers that they have just received a very carefully selected Stock of Fancy Tweeds and Cassimeres; also, a large stock of Overcoatings, Beavess, Pilot, Melton, Irish Frieze, &c. As these Goods are new in style and pattern, and all from the most celebrated makers in England and Scotland, they can be recommended with confidence. The best makes of Canadian Tweeds constantly in stock. They also beg to say that they still continue to give strict personal attention to the make and style of all orders executed by them.
TERMS CASH, AND ONE PRICE ONLY.
Scott's and *Clay's* Fashions, Tailors' Chalk &c., on hand.
September 20 mwf 224

CHEAP AND EASY WASHING

Use HARPER TWELVETREES' Preparation of
GLYCERINE AND SOAP POWDER,
Which makes a profuse Lather, and saves considerably in time and rubbing. No Washing Crystals nor any other Washing Powder or Soap Powder will do this!
Sold in Packets by all Storekeepers, and Wholesale, by HARPER TWELVETREES', (Limited,) Bromley-by-Bow, London; and by
WALTER MARRIAGE,
30 LEMOINE STREET, MONTREAL,
Wholesale Agent for Canada.
December 16. sm ly 299

FRESH RAISINS.

BOXES and half-boxes VALENTIA RAISINS, now landing, and for Sale.
L. BUCHANAN & CO.
July 5. 158

Finnan Haddies! Finnan Haddies!

Cured by Messrs. Hawley & Burr, Boston.
Daily supplies will be received from this day by Express, at the Depot.
The Trade supplied at reasonable rates.
DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
24 228 Notre Dame Street.

OLD STOVE WAREHOUSE,
530 ST. PAUL STREET,
Established 1840.

JUST RECEIVED,—A SUPPLY of P. P. STEWART'S celebrated COOKING STOVES, which for economy, excellence in Cooking, and superior finish, have never been equalled. Also, a large variety of other Cooking Stoves of new designs with Hot Water Pipes, Reservoirs, Closets, &c. Also, HALL STOVES, for Coal or Wood, the Northern Light, Morning Glory, McGregor, Violet, &c.
AMERICAN GRATES and FEND REGISTERS, VENTILATORS, &c.
GEO. HAGAR & CO
November 15. 272

Per "Epsom" and now Landing.

Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Catsups, Capers, Chutney, Horse Radish, Anchovies, Essences, Red Currant Jelly, China Ginger, Yarmouth Bloaters, Potted Meats, Pate de Foie Gras, &c., &c.

Per "Arthur."

150 Cases DUBLIN STOUT (Guinness & Co's) Pints, Imperial Pints and Quarts
200 Red Cases GIN, "De Kuyper's"
25 Cases QUININE WINE

Also, Just Received,

200 Boxes Smoked Herrings
500 Cases Lobsters, 1lb. tins
25 Cases Salmon, 1lb. tins
25 Cases Spiced and Fresh Oysters
25 Cases Soups, consisting of:—"Mock Turtle," "Ox Tail," "Vegetable," "Chicken," "Soup a Bouille"
Condensed Milk } in tins
Milk and Coffee }
1000 Cases Claret from $2 per Case and upwards
Daily Supplies of Strawberries from BROWN'S Fruit Gardens, Cote des Neiges.
ALEX. McGIBBON,
Italian Warehouse, 69 *Great St. James Street*,
AND
Corner Notre Dame and St. Gabriel Streets.
June 27. 151

REFINED PETROLEUM.

For Sale by the Subscribers:

100 BBLS. 1st QUALITY,
David Torrance & Co.
February 25 74

THOS. RUSSELL & SON,
LONDON & LIVERPOOL,
BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT
Chronometer Makers in Ordinary
TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN

HAVING introduced into the Provinces first class Watches of their own manufacture in which parties desirous of obtaining time pieces of
Reliable Workmanship and Materials,
may place implicit confidence. A warranty accompanies each watch, identified by numbers to correspond with those engraved on the case. The first quality engraved
THOS. RUSSELL & SON,
The second qualities,
Henry Shearer, Liverpool, J. R. Blythe, Liverpool, and Stevenson, London.
We have appointed WM. LEARMONT, 225 NOTRE DAME STREET, SOLE AGENT for the above Watches in Montreal, C.E.
Septembe 6, ly DSmwf 212

INSURANCE.

LIFE AND GUARANTEE ASSURANCE.

The European Assurance Society,
Empowered by Special Acts of British and Canadian Parliaments.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £750,000 stg
ANNUAL INCOME, over £300,000 stg.

HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA:
71 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal.

In addition to Life Assurance, this Society issues BONDS OF SECURITY for persons holding Government or other situations of trust.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Persons for whom this Society is Surety can Assure their lives at considerably reduced rates.
Life Policy-holders in this Society can avail themselves of the Society's Suretyship to a proportionate amount at any time—FREE OF EXPENSE.
☞ All Premiums received in Canada invested in the Province.
EDWARD RAWLINGS,
Secretary.
September 1. (ly 5) 28

LEGAL NOTICES.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of GIROUX & GIROUX, of Quebec and Montreal, Fruit Dealers, Insolvents.

THE Creditors of the Insolvents are notified that they have made an assignment of their estate and effects, under the above act, to me, the undersigned Official Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact,—the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.
PEMBERTON PATERSON,
Official Assignee.
Quebec, 28th Dec., 1865. de 311

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

THE Creditors of the undersigned are notified to meet at the Office of J. S. P. BAZIN, Esq., Notary, of the Parish of St. Ours, the Twenty-second day of January next, (1866), at Ten o'clock in the forenoon, in order to receive a statement of their affairs, and to appoint an assignee to whom they may make an assignment in virtue of the above-mentioned Act.
ELZEAR MAGE.
GODFROY MAGE.
St. Ours, Dec. 22nd, 1865. 311

In re Andrew Peebles,

AN INSOLVENT.

TENDERS for the purchase of the Stock-in-Trade of the Estate of A. PEEBLES, consisting of HARDWARE, GAS FITTINGS, and PLUMBER'S STOCK and TOOLS, in one or in separate lots, will be received by the undersigned up to THURSDAY, 1st February next.
The Inventory may be seen and particulars ascertained by applying at the Office of the Assignee, Victoria Chambers.
WM. WALKER,
Official Assignee.
Quebec, 27th Dec., 1865. da 311

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

No. 2398.
BENJAMIN LYMAN, HENRY LYMAN, and WILLIAM H. CLARE, all of the City and District of Montreal, Merchants, Co-partners, doing business as such there under the firm of LYMANS, CLARE & CO.,
Plaintiffs;
Vs.
DAME ELEONORE BOUSQUET, of the Parish of St. Marc, in the District of Montreal, Marchande publique, wife of Francois Xavier Loiselle, of the same place, Trader, and from him duly separated as to property, and by her said husband thereto duly authorised, and carrying on business in the said Parish of St. Marc, under the name of E. B. LOISELLE, and the said Francois Xavier Loiselle, for all the purposes of authorizing his said wife,
Defendants.
A WRIT OF ATTACHMENT HAS BEEN ISSUED IN THIS CAUSE.
T. BOUTHILLIER,
Sheriff.
Montreal, 28th Dec., 1865. 311

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the Matter of JAMES ROBERTSON, of Montreal, C.E., an Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the above Insolvent are notified that he has made an Assignment of his Estate and Effects to the undersigned, with whom they are required to fyle their attested Claims, with vouchers, within two months from this date.
JOHN PLIMSOLL,
Assignee.
Montreal, 26th Dec., 1865. du 310

SUPERIOR COURT.

DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DAME SCHOLASTIQUE FORGET dit DEPATIE, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Pierre Hinnert dit Bouchard, of the same place, Grocer, has on the Thirtieth day of November last, instituted an action for separation as to property against her said husband, before the Superior Court for Lower Canada, sitting in and for the District of Montreal.
F. BELANGER,
Attorney for the said Scholastique Forget dit Depatie.
December 5. 289

HOWARD & FURNER,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
BOTTLERS AND PACKERS
OF
William Dow & Co.'s East India Pale XXX and XX Ales and Porter.

THE undersigned, in returning thanks to their numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage bestowed on them during the past twelve months, beg most respectfully to intimate that they have now on hand, and are prepared to deliver, in prime condition, for the coming Festive Season, WILLIAM DOW & Co.'s CELEBRATED E. I. PALE and other ALES and PORTER. A choice assortment of PORTS, SHERRIES, BRANDIES, SCOTCH WHISKY, and RITCHIE FORD'S UPPER CANADA OLD RYE on hand. Also PENNER'S Celebrated CIDER.
All orders left at the Office, 95 ST. PETER Street, will receive prompt attention.
THOMAS JOHN HOWARD.
ALFRED FURNER.
Decembe 18 30

LE CANADA,

A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL AND ADVERTISING JOURNAL,
PUBLISHED AT OTTAWA.

AS the first Number of this new Journal will be widely circulated as a specimen number, this is a good opportunity for persons desirous of making known their business in the new Capital, as well as in the District of Ottawa, and in all Lower Canada, to send in, without delay, their advertisements.
The first Number will appear within the next fortnight.
Advertisements are to be addressed as follows:—
"LE CANADA,"
OTTAWA,
C. W.
DUVERNAY BROS.,
Proprietors.
"LE CANADA,"
Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1865. 270

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of A. C. AMARY, Manufacturer of Feathers, are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned Assignee, at his Office, 664 St. Paul Street, on or before the first January next, 1866, otherwise the same will be placed in the hands of his Attorney for collection.
H. DAVIS,
Of the firm of Julius Lander & Co.
December 15. 298

MONEY TO LEND

ON MORTGAGE, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS COMMERCIAL PAPER, &c.
WM. A. CURRY,
Accountant & General Agent,
35 *St. Peter Street.*
July 20. ly 171

ADVANCES ON PRODUCE.

THE Subscribers CONTINUE to MAKE LIBERAL ADVANCES on PRODUCE consigned to their friends in all the leading Ports of Great Britain and Ireland.
RIMMER GUNN & CO.
May 14

FOR SALE.

THE
MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGAN,
FOR
CHAPELS AND SCHOOLS

Is acknowledged to be the best instrument of its kind now manufactured, while in the DRAWING ROOM, owing to the beauty and elegance of its case, combined with its sweetness of tone and variety of expression, it is fast taking its position beside the Pianoforte, forming a most agreeable complement to the latter instrument
The very simple and pleasing contrivance called the *Automatic Swell* is attached to all the Cabinet Organs, and affords the player facilities for effect and variety such as no other reed instrument possesses.
The flattering testimonial to the superior excellence of the Cabinet Organ over all competitors, signed by the leading Organists and Professional men of the United States, recommends it as being "specially desirable for private as well as public use."
All the different styles and sizes for sale by
GOULD & HILL,
IMPORTERS OF OFORTES & SHEET MUSIC.
115 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET
November 4. 263

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

THE undersigned have on hand a large assortment of DOUBLE, COOKING and FANCY PARLOR STOVES,—and also the well-known
"MORNING GLORY."
HALL COAL STOVE, which they offer for Sale at moderate prices. They solicit an inspection at No. 438 ST. PAUL STREET, Corner of ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER.
A. CHARLEBOIS & CO.
September 8. 214

STOVES!! STOVES!!

PARTIES in want of HALL STOVES would do well to call at No. 38 VICTORIA SQUARE and see the last new HALL STOVE the HANDSOMEST and BEST Stove in the market.
Also on hand and for Sale cheap—
Northern Light,
Morning Glory,
Albanian,
Railway Coal Burner,
and a general ASSORTMENT of COOKING and PARLOUR STOVES, of Canadian and American manufacture.
C. RYAN,
38 VICTORIA BUILDINGS.
November 3. 262

LAND AGENCY.

THE OWNERS OF LANDS in the COUNTY OF LAMBTON, C.W., who are desirous of disposing of the same, would do well to place them in the hands of the undersigned, whose LAND AGENCY has been established at Sarnia over twenty years.
GEORGE STEVENSON.
Sarnia, C.W., 6th Dec., 1865. lm 29

DUFRESNE & McGARITY

BEG to call the attention of their Customers to their FRESH STOCK of
CHOICE GROCERIES,
CONSISTING OF
500 packages CHOICE TEAS, Greens and Blacks, *direct from Shanghai*, per Barque Golding Star.
And from Cross & Blackwell, by the City of Hamilton, from London,
ONE HUNDRED PACKAGES,
Containing PICKLES and SAUCES, of various kinds. Also, POTTED MEATS in great variety, such as Beef, Tongue, Ham, Game, Stratsbourg Potted Meats, Anchovy and Shrimp Paste
MEATS AND SOUP,
In tins of one and two pounds, such as Beef and Vegetables, Beef a la Mode, Roast Beef, Lamb and Green Pease, Duck and Green Pease. Soups: Mock Turtle, Hare, Boyer, and Gibblet.
—ALSO,—
TRUFFLES, CURREES, FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, MUSHROOMS, HORSE RADISH, GREEN PEASE
FRESH FRUITS:
200 boxes London LAYER RAISINS
200 do do do
200 half-boxes do do
200 quarter-boxes do do
10 cases CRYSTALIZED FRUITS, in boxes of two and three pounds each
25 cases TART FRUITS and DESSERT FRUITS, such as Raspberries, Strawberries, Green Gage Plums, Red and Black Currants, Pears, Peaches, and Apples
DAILY RECEIVING:
FROMAGE, RAFINE, FINNAN HADDIES
FRESH BALTIMORE OYSTERS, in kegs and tins
CHOICE DAIRY BUTTER constantly on hand
DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
228 NOTRE DAME STREET.
November 10. 268

ENGLISH GAME.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

100 BRACE
OF
ENGLISH PHESANTS.
25 BRACE
OF
ENGLISH HARES.
—ALSO—
10 cases of Old Stilton Cheese.
PER STEAMER SCOTIA.
DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
228 Notre Dame Street,
MONTREAL.
December 2. 287

CHRISTMAS.

ILLUSTRATED
INVITATION NOTE-PAPER,
Envelopes and Cards,
GOFFERED NOTE-PAPER AND ENVELOPES,
—ALSO,—
CARDS FOR BALL PROGRAMMES, New designs.
BILL OF FARE CARDS for Dinner Parties
All new and elegant designs, suitable for the festive season, just received at
ROBERT WEIR & CO.'S,
39 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.
December 20. 302

Rough and Smooth,

JUST PUBLISHED, ROUGH AND SMOOTH, or Ho! for an Australian Gold Field, by Mr. A. Campbell, author of "Miner Life," &c. Price $1.00.
For sale by
DAWSON BROS.,
55 to 59 Great St. James Street.
December 25. 306

NEW MUSIC.

We have just received a new supply of the
FAREWELL & MABEL WALTZES
They are still the greatest favorites.
—ALSO,—
The celebrated Three O'clock Galop
Humming Bird Galop
Maryland Quadrilles
Drawing Room Quadrilles
And the beautiful SONG
"OH! JULIA FAIR," by Giansboni.
GOULD & HILL,
GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.
November 15. 272

BUSINESS CARDS.

JAMES ROUGH,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
AND
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALER,
10 St. Nicholas Street,.....Montreal.
October 12. 6m 243

DAVID J. CRAIG,
WAREHOUSEMAN,
90 Common Street, corner of Nazareth Street.
FIRST CLASS STORAGE for FLOUR, BUTTER, PORK, and Merchandise of all descriptions, Free or in Bond.
Cash Advances on Warehouse Receipts.
August 1. ly 181

J. S. MILLAR
Formerly of Grand Trunk Railroad Co.'y, Portland
FORWARDING, SHIPPING,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT
72 Tower Buildings, Liverpool.
August 3 (162) 207

JOS. REILLE,
Land Surveyor and Architect,
HAS REMOVED
TO 65 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET
September 21. 225

ESTABLISHED 1820.
A. BOURNE,
Engraver and Copper Plate Printer,
293 NOTRE DAME STREET,
MONTREAL.
September 18 222

ARTHUR E. VALOIS,
ADVOCATE.
No. 10 LITTLE ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal
M. VALOIS will follow the Circuit of Vaudreuil and Soulanges.
October 9.. 6m 240

R. M. HART,
Advocate,
OFFICE—No. 49 LITTLE ST. JAMES STREET
July 7. ly 160

C. A. STARK & CO.,
General Produce Commission Merchants,
7 ST. NICHOLAS STREET,
(*Corner St. Paul Street, Montreal.*)
April 14. 89

MARTIN & FERGUSON,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Solicitors in Chancery,
CONVEYANCERS, NOTARIES PUB
OFFICE:
Corner of King and James Stree
HAMILTON, C.W.
N. B.—Collections and Insolvency Matters promptly attended to.
E. MARTIN. J. W. FERGUSON
January 13. 10

PORTRAIT & OIL PAINTING.
Lessons in Designing and Painting.
NO. 11 ST. SIMON STREET,
Continuation of St. George Street, near he Jesuit's College.
NAP. BOURASSA will be at Monte-Below till the 1st September.
November 5. 270

FOR SALE.

SKATES! SKATES! SKATS!
For the Thousand!
TABB & THOMPSON
462 Notre Dame Street,
HARDWARE
In all its Branches.
RODGER'S POCKET & TABLE CUTLERY.
—ALSO,—
A very fine assortment of
PLATED-WARE.
November 14. 271

FOR SALE,

In Store and Arriving:

TEA—Hf-Chests Fine Moyune Young Hyson
Do do Gunpowder
Do do Ping Suey, Young Hyson
Do do Imperial
Do do Coloured Japan
Do do Twankay, &c.
292 RIMMER, GUNN & CO.

COFFEE—Bales finest Mocha
Bags do Java
Bags do Rio
Casks Ceylon.
292 RIMMER, GUNN & CO.

TOBACCO—Hf-Boxes finest Old Virginia
Boxes Canada 10's
Do do 5's
Various Brands.
292 RIMMER, GUNN & CO.

FRUIT—Boxes and Hf-Boxes new Valencia Raisins
Cases finest Turkey Figs
Kegs French Prunes
Barrels new Currants
Sardines, qr-tins.
292 RIMMER, GUNN & CO

SODA—Kegs Newcastle Bi-Carbonate
Drums Caustic
Casks Soda Ash.
292 RIMMER, GUNN & CO

WINE, PORT—Hhds and qr-casks
born's 3-grape
Do do 3-diamond
Do do 4 do
Qr-casks and Octaves Lacaves
Do do Valette's Burgundy
Do do do San Juan

SHERRY—Hhds and qr-casks Lopez
Co.'s fine Pale Wines
Qr-casks "Cramp Suter & Co's
Do "Ysasis"
Do Tarragona.
292 RIMMER, GUNN & CO.

CHAMPAGNE—Various brands, baskets and cases
CLARET—Do do Cases and Hhds
GIN, BRANDY in Hhds and Cases.
—TOGETHER WITH—
An Assortment of General Groceries
RIMMER, GUNN & CO.
December 8. 292

COAL OIL
FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer the following brands of COAL OIL for Sale by the barrel or car load, viz.:—
CEDAR CREEK,
WYOMING ROCK,
LIVERPOOL,
DUFFIELD,
STONE,
AND OTHER BRANDS

HOUSE COALS,
VIZ.:
LEHIGH,
WELSH ANTHRACITE,
GRATE,
—ALSO,—
BLACKSMITH NUT, and
STEAM COAL.
Liverpool Coarse and Stoved Salt.
Canal Basin and Wellington Street.
WM. MIDDLETON & CO.
November 14 271

JAPAN TEA.

250 half-chests Extra fine quality, landing ex S. S. Thames.
ALEX. McGIBBON,
69 Great St. James Street, Italian Warehouse
September 28. 231

FOR SALE.

IVES & ALLEN,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hardware, Iron Furniture, Railing, &c.
CASTINGS,
Of every description, and of superior quality, to order.
ALL WORK EXECUTED PROMPTLY.
CITY FOUNDRY, 60 QUEEN STREET
July 29 197 y 130

COAL OIL,
PORTLAND KEROSENE,
BURNING FLUID,
OLIVE OIL,
FOR SALE BY THE BARREL OR GALLON
J. GARDNER,
DRUGGIST,
455 Notre Dame Street,
Near McGill Street.
September 5. 211

COD LIVER OIL.

JUST RECEIVED, FRESH NEWFOUNDLAND COD LIVER OIL, manufactured this Year (1865).
J. GARDNER,
DISPENSING CHEMIST,
455 West End No re Dame Street.
September 5. 211

BAKING POWDER.

Gardner's German Baking Powder,
In 1 lb. packages, 1s 3d each; also, wholesale, in 3, 4, and 5 oz. packets, *unrivalled for purity and cheapness.*
J. GARDNER,
DRUGGIST,
455 Notre Dame Street, near McGill Street
September 5. 211

COKE, COALS. BRICKS.

FOR SALE,
200 Tons FOUNDRY COKE
350 Chaldrons BLACKSMITH'S NUT COAL
50,000 FIRE BRICKS
WOODS, DAVID & CO.,
80 McGILL STREET,
Yards—corner Wellington and King Streets.
August 4 184

COALS. COALS.

FOR SALE,
300 chaldrons Wallsend Grate COAL
200 do Newcastle House COAL
Screened and delivered free.
WOODS, DAVID & CO.,
80 McGILL STREET (Young's Building
August 4. 18

POWDER, POWDER.

FOR SALE,
Curtis's and Harvey Blasting, FF & FFF; Loose and Canister, Diamond Grain—
1 lb. and ½ lb. T. P. & C.
WOODS, DAVID & CO.
80 McGILL STREET, Young's Buildings.
August 4. 184

BISCUITS. BISCUITS.

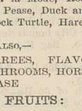
THE subscriber has made arrangements with Mr. ROBERT WATSON for the exclusive sale of his FANCY ASSORTED BISCUITS, and is now prepared to take orders, wholesale or retail, direct from the Factory, in barrels, hf.-barrels boxes and tins.
WM. McGIBBON,
Corner Notre Dame and St. Gabriel Streets.
December 14. 277

FOR SALE,
500 Tons Best Welsh Anthracite Coal
All sizes. Hand-picked
Screened and delivered
WOODS, DAVID & CO.
August 40

FOR SALE,

EIGHTY-TWO SHARES of Two Hundred Dollars each, in the CAPITAL STOCK of the CANADIAN RUBBER COMPANY.
Tenders in writing will be received until the TWELFTH of DECEMBER next, by the undersigned.
PRENTICE, MOAT & CO.
November 25. 281

FOR SALE:



The BARGE LIVERPOOL, now lying at the Wellington Bridge. She carries from 90 to 100 cords of wood. Terms easy.
Apply to
R. C. COWAN,
Advocates,
No 50 Little St. James Street.
October 248

Sale by Authority of Justice.

WILL BE SOLD, by Authority of Justice, to the highest and last bidder, at the front of the Parish Church of St. Jacques, on MONDAY, the FIFTEENTH of JANUARY next, at TEN o'clock in the FORENOON, the Land hereinafter described, situated in the said Parish of St. Jacques, in the Seignory of St. Sulpice, containing two arpents in front by twenty-seven arpents in depth, and from thence taking five arpents in front by ten arpents in one line and seven arpents in the other line in depth; bounded in front by the base of the place, in depth by the lands of St. Alexis, on one side by Pierre Vienne, Narcesse Forest, and partly by Francois Dugas, and on the other side partly by Mederic Faucher, partly by Joseph Leblanc, and partly by Ignace Hornand, with two houses, two barns and dependencies built thereon; with a reserve of the Emplacements of J. E. Cloutier, G. A. Cloutier, Ant. Vincent, and Theophile Dugas, extracted from the said land.
The said Land belongs to Clement Laudry, Esq., and his children.
The conditions will be made known on the day of Sale, or previous thereto by addressing the undersigned at his office.
A. DUGAS, N. P.
St. Jacques, December 27, 1865. r is 310

MESSRS. MACKLEM & THOMAS, Chippewa C. W., finest OLD RYE WHISKEY — Fifty casks just received.
DUFRESNE & McGARITY,
228 Notre Dame Street.
September 20 224

On Obstinate Diseases of the Skin

BY DAVID DUNCAN LOGAN, M.D., Member of the Royal College of Physicians, London; Physician to the West London Hospital. Price 75 cents.
JOHN CHURCHILL & SON,
London.
DAWSON BROTHERS,
Montreal.
November 14. 271

The Geological Survey of Canada.

JUST READY,—PALÆOZOIC FOSSILS, Vol. 1, containing Descriptions and Figures of new or little known Species of Organic Remains from the Silurian Rocks, by E. Billings, F.G.S., Palæontologist to the Survey. In large 8 v., p.p. 426. Price $2.50.
DAWSON BROTHERS,
Nos. 55 to 59 Great St. James Street.
November 30. 285

WILLIAM NIVIN & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT
AND
SHIPPING AGENTS
CORNER ST. PAUL AND ST. NICHOLAS STREET
MONTREAL
PRODUCE AND GROCERIES
ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS
May 9

Pianoforte and Music Warerooms
115
GREAT ST. JAMES ST.

THE undersigned are constantly receiving their usual assortment of PIANOFORTES, CABINET ORGANS, and BOOK and SHEET MUSIC, which they offer at extremely low prices, notwithstanding the very great advance in American currency, and consequent additional cost to parties importing from the United States at the present time.
STEINWAY, CHICKERING, DUNHAM, and other well-known PIANOS always on hand. Also, the celebrated MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS, with Automatic Swell, in all the different styles of finish, and in ROSEWOOD or Walnut cases, as preferred
The large and carefully selected stock of VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, consisting of English, French, German and American publications, is deserving of particular attention, and comprises an unusual variety of Popular, Classical and Sacred Compositions.
GOULD & HILL.
May 31. 28

Funeral Furnishing Warerooms.

RESIDENCE ON THE PREMISES
Next door to the Ottawa Hotel.
D. & J. TEES.
November 7. 265

LEGAL NOTICES.

CORPORATION OF MONTREAL
BOARD OF REVISORS.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the BOARD OF REVISORS, appointed to REVISE the VOTERS' LISTS for the next Annual Election of a MAYOR and COUNCILLORS, and also for the PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS, in this City, will MEET in the CITY HALL, at the hour of TEN o'clock A.M., on SATURDAY, the TWENTIETH day of JANUARY instant, and DAILY thereafter, at the same place and hour, until all the said Voters' Lists are Revised and settled; and that the Revision of the Lists shall be proceeded with in the following order, viz.:
The Board will REVISE—
The Lists of the EAST, CENTRE and WEST WARDS, on SATURDAY, the 20th January instant.
The List of ST. ANN'S WARD, on MONDAY, the 22nd January instant.
The List of the ST. ANTOINE WARD, on TUESDAY, the 23rd January instant.
The List of the ST. LAWRENCE WARD, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th January instant.
The List of the ST. LEWIS WARD, on THURSDAY, the 25th January instant.
The List of the ST. MARY'S WARD, on SATURDAY, the 27th January instant.
And all persons who have demanded to have their names added to any of the said Lists, or who have excepted to names now on any of the said Lists, or have demanded that they should be erased therefrom, or who are in any way interested in the said lists, are hereby notified to attend before the said Board, on whichsoever of the above-mentioned days that the Lists in which they are interested will be under revision.
(By order,)
CHS. GLACKMEYER,
City Clerk.
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
City Clerk,
Montreal, 8th Jan., 1866. n-trs 5

CORPORATION OF MONTREAL
WATER WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that from and after this date all permits to draw water from any of the public hydrants, will cease and are hereby cancelled.
NOTICE is hereby further given that IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE UNUSUALLY LOW WATER IN THE ST. LAWRENCE THIS YEAR, the following Sections Nos. 6, 7 and 10 of the By-Law, Chapter V., "*to provide for the care and management of the Montreal Water Works*," will be strictly enforced during the ensuing Winter, viz.:
SECTION 6.—All persons taking the water shall keep the distributing pipes within their premises in good repair, and protected from frost, at their own expense; and they shall be held liable for all damage which may result from their failure to do so.
SEC. 7.—Water Tenants shall prevent all unnecessary waste of water, and there shall be no concealment of the purposes for which it it is used, (allowing the water to run to prevent freezing is considered an unnecessary waste.)
SEC. 10.—No person, unless duly authorised by the Water Committee, shall open any hydrant in the said City, or lift or remove the cover of, or draw water from the same.
The penalties attached to the neglect, disregard, or violation of any of the preceding requirements, are a fine not exceeding Twenty Dollars, or an imprisonment not exceeding Thirty Days, for each and every offence.
(By order.)
LOUIS LESAGE,
Supt. of W. W.
CITY HALL,
Montreal 19th Dec., 1865. n-trs 301

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

PROVINCE OF CANADA,
District of Montreal.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.
In the Matter of JOSEPH CARLISLE, (as well individually as for the Firm of CARLISLE & McCONKEY), an Insolvent.
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has fyled in the Office of this Court a deed of composition and discharge, executed by his Creditors and the Creditors of the said Firm, and that on MONDAY, the NINETEENTH day of MARCH next, 1866, at TEN of the clock in the Forenoon, or as soon as counsel can be heard, he will apply for a confirmation of the composition and discharge thereby effected in his and their favour under the said Act.
JOSEPH CARLISLE,
By his Attorney.
S. B. NAGLE.
Montreal, 18th December, 1865. 2m trs 301

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of VINCELETTE & CIE, of Iberville, C.E., Insolvents.

THE Creditors of the Insolvents are notified that they have made an assignment of their Estate and Effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.
D. MASSON,
Assignee.
31 ST. PETER STREET,
Montreal, 1st Dec., 1865. 2m 8

FOR SALE.

Fresh Lobsters, Tomatoes, &c.

JUST RECEIVED from Messrs. W. R. Lewis & Bros.:—
100 cases 1 and 2 lb Lobsters
50 do 1 and 2 lbs Tomatoes
25 do 1 and 2 lbs Cove Oysters
—ALSO,—
Tomato Catsup, Pepper Sauces, and Condense Coffee and Milk.
DUFRESNE & McGARITY.
August 12 191

Now Landing, ex Vessel in Port:
100 brls "Bass'" and "Allsopp's" INDIA PALE ALE, qts and pts
100 do "Guinness'" EXTRA STOUT PORTER, bottled by E. J. Burke, Dublin, qts and pts
100 do EXTRA DUBLIN STOUT PORTER, bottled by Blood, and Wolfe & Co., Liverpool, qts and pts
For sale by
DUFRESNE & McGARITY.
October 6. 238

FOR SALE:

Booth's Old Tom: 150 cases
Kinahan's L. L. Whisky: 50 cases of this fine old Irish Whisky
Guinness & Co.s Extra Stout: 600 cases, quarts, pints and Imperial pints
Waters & Williams' Quinine Wine: 150 cases
Bernard's Ginger Wine: 200 cases
Seltzer Water: 75 hampers, quarts and pints
Crosse & Blackwell's assorted Goods: 181 casks and cases Pickles, Sauces, Potted Meats, &c., &c.
ALEX. McGIBBON,
Italian Warehouse, 69 Great St. James Street, and Notre Dame Street.
November 16. 273

In Warehouse and for Sale:

200 hhds Muscovado Sugar
100 puns Choice do Molasses
DAVID TORRANCE & CO.
November 11 8g2

MEDICAL.

Apothecaries TO H. R. H. The Prince OF Wales.

MEDICAL HALL.
FOUR TIERCES JUST RECEIVED OF
DR. RIDGE'S PATENT FOOD,
FOR IN

SAILING OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

Mails are forwarded by every steamer in the regular line. The steamers for or from Liverpool, call at Queenstown, except the Canadian line, which call at Londonderry. The steamers for or from the Continent, call at Southampton.

TO ARRIVE.

STEAMER.	FROM	FOR	SAILS
Edinburgh	Liverpool	N. York.	Dec. 13
Australasian	Liverpool	N. York.	Dec. 16
Scotia	Liverpool	N. York.	Dec. 30

TO DEPART.

Saxonia	N. York	Hamburg.	Jan. 16
Herman	N. York	Southton.	Jan. 13
Arago	N. York	Liverpool.	Jan. 20
Borussia	N. York	Liverpool.	Jan. 20

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 11, 1866.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY JOHN J. ARNTON.

Trade sale of Hardware at the store lately occupied by A. A. Barber, St. Sacrament Street.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE "MONTREAL HERALD."

OTTAWA, Jan. 10.

A building on George Street, lately occupied as a hotel and restaurant by Patrick O'Meara, was destroyed by fire this morning. Incendiarism is supposed to have been the cause, the house having been unoccupied for a month.

Weather much more moderate. Thermometer early this morning 4° below zero; at present (8 p.m.) 16° above; now beginning to snow.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

GENERAL PRESS DESPATCHES.

NEW ORLEANS, 9th.—Gen. Humphreys, advertises for proposals to build a number of levees on the Mississippi, to be paid for in cash by the Government.

ELMIRA, N.Y., Jan. 10.—A fire broke out this morning destroying all the buildings comprising Parkinson's market to Hitchcock's market on Lake street.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 10.—A number of U. S. troops are passing *en route* to the Rio Grande. Accounts in the Louisiana country papers represent that the freedmen are indisposed to make any contracts for labour. A number of the principal planters have emigrated to Honduras.

Three persons implicated in the robbery of Adam's Express company, on board the train from New York to Boston, have been captured. The whole amount taken from the train did not exceed $550,000.

WASHINGTON, 10th. Mr. Wilson introduced a bill to increase and fix the military peace establishment of the United States army, to consist of seven regiments of artillery, ten of cavalry, and sixty of infantry. In addition to the five regiments of artillery now organized, there shall be two new ones, one to be composed of colored and white persons. Two new regiments of cavalry of white, and two of coloured, persons; in the infantry there shall be eight regiments composed of men from the veteran reserve corps. There shall be one Lieut.-General, five Major-Generals, and ten Brigadiers. The bill was referred.

WASHINGTON, 10th.—In the House, on motion of Mr. Conkling, of York, the President was requested, to inform the house why Jeff. Davis, Mr. Clay, and others were kept in confinement.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The *Commercial's* Washington telegram says an early withdrawal of the French troops, from Mexico is looked upon as certain by all who have perused the correspondence sent in by the President yesterday. The steamer now about due will bring Napoleon's speech to the Chamber and this may contain the important announcement that the troops are to be withdrawn.

The President, in order to cheapen fuel to the poor has ordered a large quantity of firewood belonging to the government, to be sold at $7 per cord.

NEW YORK, 10th.—The *Post* says, the loan market continues easy. The accumulation of capital is large, and has been swelled by the payments of dividends. There is no lack of currency, the banks being gorged with national bank notes. The Stock Market has somewhat recovered from the severe depression of yesterday.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.

According to later accounts the whole amount of money recovered from Adams' Express robbers is $250,000, and four men under arrest.

Miles Mullen was arrested to-day for forging a check for $645 on the Hudson County National Bank.

BOSTON, Dec. 10.—Several wrecks have occurred at Cape Cod. The brig Emma C., of Gloucester, Captain Trask, from Surinam for Boston with sugar and molasses, struck on the beach at East Sandwich, and went to pieces. Five of the crew were frozen to death; Captain Trask and two men were saved, badly frozen.

A fire in Salem yesterday partially destroyed a small cottage, and suffocated to death Mrs. McKenly, aged 80 years, and a boy named Carsen, aged 5 years.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The Fenian General Court-Martial co-day rendered a verdict against the Senate. The sentence has yet to be pronounced by O'Mahoney. From the report of the Committee on Finance, it appears that there are but $30,000 in the treasury. The receipts from October to January 6th were $147,000, of which all but the above was expended.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—A meeting of citizens from different parts of the State was held here to-day for the purpose of discussing the feasibility of constructing a railroad from Oswego to Jersey City. A plan was finally adopted to construct an independent or Trunk line between the two points. The distance in this State will be 225 miles, and $224,000 was subscribed, and 10 per cent paid in. The Company is to be known as the Oswego and New York Midland Railroad.

WASHINGTON, January 10th.—Senator Foote has received a despatch from the Hon. George Bancroft signifying his acceptance of the invitation of the Joint Committee to deliver an address upon the life and character of President Lincoln before the two Houses of Congress in the National Hall of Representatives on Monday, the 12th day of February proximo. That time was appropriately selected for these ceremonies, it being Mr. Lincoln's anniversary birth day.

THE BEAUFORT LUNATIC ASYLUM.—We hope that the public will have some more and some more satisfactory information than as yet been accorded to it as to the change which has occurred in the management of this Asylum. We recently noticed the state ment that it has been purchased by Mr. Cauchon and two medical associates, and we expressed a hope that the government would not hereafter purchase at second hand, and at a profit to the middle men, property which might have been acquired at the first price; nor would make Mr. Cauchon, a prominent politician, the contractor for the care of lunatics. We are now semi-officially informed that arrangements have been made which look very much as if the last of these errors had been committed. It is stated that the government has sanctioned the turning over of the unfortunate inmates of Beauport to Drs. Landry and Roy, who are said to be the partners of Mr. Cauchon in the speculation; so that we shall have the latter gentleman—supposing these statements to be correct—at once interested in obtaining the highest rate of pay from the Province for the care of the lunatics, and in cutting down the expenses of their maintenance and attendance to the lowest possible figure. Without intending any disrespect to Drs. Landry and Roy, and without insinuating that Mr. Cauchon would be so mercenary as to make an unfair profit, at any rate by a diminution of the comforts of the wretched inmates of the place, we cannot think that this manner of disposing of the management of a Provincial Lunatic Asylum—supposing always that we have the correct account of it—is consonant either with sound policy, with the delicacy of the position of a public man, with respect for science, or with respect—which most of all should be paid—to the greatest of earthly misfortunes. Rightly or wrongly the friends of lunatics, who can afford to pay for their custody and attendance, are allowed to select the asylums they prefer; and it cannot be but that such asylums are from time to time matters of bargain and sale. But in a great public institution for the cure of mental maladies, the purchase by two or three speculative gentlemen of what we may call the plant of the charity, ought certainly to be neither the initial step nor any element in their selection for the grave charge which is committed to their keeping. The whole system of farming out the care of these unfortunates seems to be radically wrong, and we know that many good medical authorities are by no means satisfied with the results of Beauport under Dr. Douglas' management, or rather under that gentleman's contract—for he himself was too frequently absent from the Province to bestow upon the patients committed to his charge any great personal superintendence. It is sad to think that there should be any shadow even for the suspicion that the care of lunatic patients can be made a matter of political jobbing. But unfortunately we all know that in Lower Canada an appointment to the charge of another Asylum was some years ago conferred, as the reward of mere electioneering service, upon a gentleman, of whom we shall here say no more than that he certainly did not stand in the highest rank in the esteem of the profession to which he belongs; and we cannot but lament the appearance of something of the same sort in the new arrangements for the Beauport Asylum. We must not be understood to detract at all from the general or special professional capacity of Drs. Landry and Roy. They are both gentlemen of experience; as we believe, of good professional standing; and for aught we know—though here we must say we think not—may from their known attention to mental maladies be regarded as the very best men to be selected for the charge of the Asylum. But we cannot think that such a charge ought to be bought and sold like the good will of a shop; nor that the government should accept the recommendation of the former proprietor, even as a *prima facie* cause of engaging the services of the purchasers, and as it may be said of giving them a trial. It is with no satisfaction that we make remarks which, however we may seek to avoid offence to individuals against whom we have not a shadow of ill will, must of course be regarded as an unfavorable criticism upon the position which they occupy. But there are some things respecting which it is necessary to speak out, and we cannot but regard the care of the most unfortunate and innocent of human beings, as that one public duty of all others, which should be most distinctly removed from the sphere of party politics, and the mode of appointment, which arises out of political struggles. We, therefore, trust that we shall hear some explanation of the new arrangements for Beauport, which will look more like a careful selection of the best mode of management, and of the best manager, upon independent grounds, rather than like a mere sanction at second hand by the government of a bargain, in which pecuniary considerations were naturally the first things thought of on one side and the other.

THE "LEADER" ON THE "HERALD."—We see that the *Leader*, probably on the old principle of a Roland for an Oliver, devotes a column to objurgation of the *Herald*, as a contingent annexationist, upon the strength of some statement in a Chicago paper. That is all well enough for the *Leader*; but unfortunately for the weight of authority and the *vraisemblance* of the prophecy, our Chicago contemporary classes the *Herald* and the *Globe* together in the same category, and of course his opinion respecting the *Herald* stands upon the same ground as that which he has formed respecting the journal controlled by Mr. Brown who just now, as we all know, is desirous of doing to the President something like that which Prince Hal predicted of his possible successor when he said to Kate that between them they would "compound a boy that should go to Constantinople and take the Turk by the beard." We may well afford to be abused on this matter in such worshipful company as the ex-President of the Council, whose resignation according to the *Globe*, the administrator of the Government long declined to accept. But why should the *Leader* be troubled on our account? Does he not know that of our present Commissioners to Washington one of them is by birth a Yankee, whom the *Leader* so long as he was out of power termed a Yankee annexationist and confidant of Mr. Potter, and the other a gentleman who has constantly been called an annexationist by the *Globe*, and we dare say will be again called by that name, now that Mr. Brown once more differs from Mr. Galt—especially since Hon. Brown denies, does not the American, moreover, how constantly it described another of our Commissioners as Mr. "Looking to Washington" MacDougal? Besides it is not many months since another violent loyalist of the *Leader's* kidney classed the Governor General and Mr. Godley his Secretary, among the most inactive and dangerous of our annexationists. Under these circumstances we think the *Leader* has enough to do to to take care of the Yankees and Annexationists on the side of the Government, who sit at Her Majesty's Council Board, without troubling itself about any outside, if such there be. Upon the whole, however, it seems to us that all this puerile calling of names might as well be dispensed with. We certainly do not reproach either Mr. Galt, Mr. Howland, or Mr. MacDougall with any tendencies not in accordance with the duty of loyal subjects, though they are just as liable to that reproach as persons who do not happen to think as they do on local politics, or rather who have not been so ready to change their opinions for the sake of place. If ever there is any annexation feeling in the Province, it will not be because any person or set of person wills it, but because of discontent brought about by evil Government. No one heard anything about annexation when the *Leaders*, friends assumed office, nor for a long after, and if anything has led anybody to think of so violent a change, it must be the course of Government over which they alone have exercised any control. That course of Government has been directly contrary to our views; but has received the cordial support of the *Leader*, and if has now brought us to a pass, or at least has not prevented us from reaching a pass where—not we—but the *Leader* asserts that it will "try men's souls" to retain their loyalty at the expense of their pockets. There are men who look one way and row another—whose violence like "vaulting ambition overleaps itself and falls on t'other side,"—who, in fact, are always by their follies, more than all its enemies, undoing the cause they pretend to espouse. It is to this class that the conductors of the *Leader* belong. In their views of the facts, on which our international relations must more or less depend, they have been stupidly wrong and maliciously wrong. Down to a week before the fall of Richmond, they persisted in asserting the military success of the South; and they still, with the obstinacy which characterizes Canadian wrong heads persist in the abuse and contempt of individuals whom all European writers of reputation, whatever their prepossessions, have agreed to regard with respect, both for talents and character. Making such blunders as to facts, it is hardly to be expected that they will be very successful in drawing conclusions. We were quite content to wait for the event to do justice on the judgment which we, or persons like the writers for the *Leader* passed upon current history during four past years. The *Leader* knows which was right. We are perfectly ready to accept the same decision now, as to the wisdom and patriotism of the tendencies and policy which we and they have respectively sought to cultivate.

THE PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE.—There are several statements abroad as to the probable successor of Mr. Coffin in the office of Prothonotary. Some say that Mr. Pyke is to have the place, others Mr. Hubert. We of course should be glad to see the practice of promotion carried out in this as on all occasions, when it can be done without detriment to the public service. But if the appointment is to go out of the office we know of no one on whom it could fall more worthily than upon Mr. Hubert, who is in every respect fitted for it.

TAX PAYERS IN ARREAR.—For the last few weeks numerous suits have been brought against those in arrear for their municipal rates and is business assessments. Payment of water rate now about to be enforced at once, and executions are likely to issue for this tax at the rate of probably a hundred a day. It would be well for parties liable to pay up at once, as no preliminary notice is necessary, the first intimation being a levy on the goods and chattels of those who have not done so.

Paris Correspondence of the "Montreal Herald."

PARIS, Dec. 18, 1865.

The loyal and orderly transference of Belgian allegiance to their new sovereign, and the fact that the Emperor Napoleon has been the first to offer his affectionate condolences and good wishes to Leopold II., have put a period to the deluge of speculations on the coming downfall of the little kingdom, which so many pens have been industriously representing as incapable of surviving the veteran statesman just gathered to his fathers. The Belgian constitution prescribes the taking of the oath of fidelity to that instrument by the new king, previous to his accession; and vests the supreme power of the government, during the few days interregnum between the death of the Sovereign and the accession of his successor in the Ministers and the Parliament. Leopold II., therefore, though hailed as a member of the group of European Majesties, and receiving as such, the condolence of his brother sovereigns as well as addresses innumerable from every part of Belgium, did not really enter upon the dignities and responsibilities of royalty until after the ceremony of yesterday.

The last hours of King Leopold, during which he retained the full use of his faculties, were passed with his children, ministers and intimate friends about him. The death agony had come on so suddenly that it was feared he could not survive for the meeting of the Council of State; but having rallied, he had an interview with the Prime Minister, and then, feeling that his hour was approaching, he sent for his children. He exhorted the Duke de Brabant to reign kindly and justly, to avoid partisanship, and to live for the welfare and freedom of the country. Then came the principal leave-taking, the old monarch weeping, and his sons and the Duchess de Brabant unable to control the violence of their emotions, though repeatedly entreated to do so by the king. His little grand-children were lifted on to the bed, and fervently blessed by the dying man, who then lay with one hand locked in that of the weeping Duchess as she knelt beside the bed, and the other pressed on his heart as if in pain, until at length he fell into a sort of doze, in which his spirit passed painlessly away. On the following day, a simple but touching funeral service was performed in the mortuary chamber, and the coffin was carried out by torch light, and placed in the hearse which conveyed it from the Palace of Lacken to that of Brussels, a dense and silent crowd being assembled along the whole of the way, every window and balcony being full of spectators, and almost every house hung with black. This silent *cortege*, consisting of the hearse, the local authorities, the King's favourite pastors and friends in a few court-carriages preceded, followed, and escorted by troops of the line, and the civic guard, slowly making its way by torch light through the silent and regretful crowd, it seems to have been a very imposing spectacle. The kings' sons, who had accompanied the coffin to the door of the palace, remained at Lacken; the coffin being received at the door of the Palace at Brussels by the Ministers and grea functionaries of the State. The coffin was covered with a magnificent pall and placed in one of the rooms on the ground floor of the Palace, fitted up as a *chapelle ardente* where, guarded by the household troops, it lay in state through the week, visited by hundreds of thousands, the last sovereign being not only held in grateful veneration for the leading part he has taken in consolidating the independence, and developing the prosperity of his adopted country, but being personally beloved for his goodness, kindness, and uprightness as a man.

The funeral took place on Saturday the 16th inst., the City of Brussels having put itself in mourning for the occasion. All the shops, even those of the suburbs, were closed; and nearly all the houses were hung with black. The late King having been allied by blood, alliance, or friendship, with all the reigning houses of Europe, the assemblage of royal personages, and of special representatives of crowned heads, gathered in Brussels on that day, was almost unprecedented. Among those who thus paid the last tribute of respect to the old monarch, whose disappearance has called forth such universal regret, were the Prince of Wales and Prince Arthur, the King of Portugal, Crown Prince of Prussia, Prince Louis, of Hesse, Archduke William of Austria, Grand Duke of Baden, Princes of Nassau, Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, Saxony, Wurtemburg, and Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, the Dukes de Vemours and d'Aumale, and Prince de Joinville. All the Courts were represented by special envoys.

The funeral car was an immense structure, draped with black, surmounted with the royal insignia, the royal cloak of red velvet and ermine, and displaying the armorial bearings of the King of Belgium and of the Duke of Saxe Cobourg. Two shields, adorned with oakleaves and laurels, bore, one, the date of the King's accession, the other, that of his death. At the four corners of the car were four urns in which incense was burning.

The cortege set out for Lacken at 11 o'clock, amidst a salvo of 101 guns. With it the princes proceeded in carriages, deputations of the Great Bodies of the State, the authorities of Brussels, the deputations of Provinces, Comtroops, the Diplomatic Bodies &c., the procession was three hours in passing; no drums or music being heard, but the tolling of bells and wailing the whole time, broken only by the deep tolling of the bells of all the churches, and the cannon fired off every five minutes.

A temporary building, hung with black, and containing a lofty catafalque, had been erected outside the Church of Lacken, in the wall of which an opening had been made to allow the body of the Protestant King to be carried to the royal vault, without passing through the church-doors. As the coffin was carried into this building, the pupils of the Conservatory sang a hymn; Rector Wend then delivered an oration, and threw a handful of earth on the coffin, reciting the Protestant service for the dead. A psalm was then sung, and the coffin was carried into the church, and deposited in the vault, beside that of Leopold's second wife, Queen Louise, who was buried there fifteen years ago. The entrance to the vault was closed up, the persons present withdrew, and the imposing ceremony terminated.

So much for the crowning glory of earthly honours and prosperities; a Royal funeral!

The new King took the oath of fidelity to the Constitution yesterday; he was received, as also the new Queen, who presented her little son to the Chambers, with the utmost enthusiasm.

The late King was very fond of France; and greatly enjoyed his visit to this city early last summer. He went about, amusing himself with the sights and sounds of this lively capital, without retinue or any insignia of his rank; and was several times seen, by those who knew him, admiring the charming displays in the shop-windows, and sipping a cup of coffee in the fashionable *cafes*. One day he strolled into the Cafe du Helder, which is much frequented by the officers of the French army. All the tables were occupied, but the King, espying one at which a gentleman was seated alone, asked permission of the latter to share it with him. "With pleasure," returned the gentleman, who was an officer, and judging from the appearance of the King that he was a military man, he added, "Without doubt, you also wear the uniform?" "Yes," replied the King. "And you are, I am sure, among the higher grades?" "Yes, my grade is rather high." "I beg your pardon, General, for such you must be, for my curiosity," said the officer respectfully, and feeling rather embarrassed at his own familiarity, as he began to think that he might be talking to one of his superiors. "General," said the King, as he sipped his coffee, "better than that!" The officer thought his new acquaintance was jesting, and began to look angry, when there arrived a third person who, after bowing to the King, began to speak to him in a low tone, but audibly enough for the officer to overhear the word 'Sire.' The King rose to follow the new comer, but seeing, from the surprised look of the officer, that his own mark was discovered, said, "You now know what uniform I wear. If you would like to make further acquaintance with me, come to Brussels on your next leave of absence, and we will drink together to the prosperity of France which I love, and to the glory of the French army which I admire."

The young King of Portugal, on passing incognito through Paris, a few days ago, contrived a charming surprise for Rossini, the illustrious *maestro*. A Portuguese gentleman of high rank here, called on Rossini, and requested permission to bring to him a young countryman of his, who was extremely desirous to make his acquaintance.—The old composer having graciously assented, the gentleman speedily returned, accompanied by a handsome young man with a most intelligent face and charming manners. A very animated conversation soon sprung up, the stranger discussing music and musical matters in a way that showed him thoroughly at home on the subject. "Do you play on any instrument?" asked the composer. "I sing, and I play on several instruments," replied the stranger. "Indeed!" returned Rossini, "that is like your King." His Majesty's father, Don Ferdinand, who came to see me last year, told me that the King is not only an excellent singer, but a most thorough musician, and plays on a good many instruments. In fact, I often drink their health in a glass of the excellent port which he graciously sen me. "The visitor then smiled and said simply, "I am the King King of Portugal." Rossini, greatly surprised would fain have treated the young Sovereign with the respect due to his rank, but the King, to put an end to all idea of etiquette, sat down to the piano and played the *trio* from *William Tell*, and the famous *duo* from the same opera, several things from Verdi and Donizetti, and some airs from "Marta," conversing with excellent taste and judgment on the peculiarities of those masters. At last, on rising to take leave, he expressed the pleasure the visit had afforded him, and requested permission to send to the "maestro" the insignia of the Order of Merit, lately instituted in Portugal.

Dr. Richard Wagner, whose hideous cacophonies have so completely failed to win the sympathies of the Parisian critics to the 'Music of the Future,' but, who has a fervent admirer in the young King of Bavaria, has just been advised by his Royal patron to spend a few months in foreign travel. As it is hardly probable that this sentence of exile can have been pronounced in deference to any dislike of his subjects to the music which sets the teeth of all lovers of melody on the edge, the version which attributes Dr. Wagner's disgrace to the manoeuvres of the ultramontane party may perhaps be correct. That party is bitterly resentful of the recent recognition of Italy by the Bavarian Government; and as the Royal Chapel Master is believed to have greatly influenced His Bavarian Majesty's decision, he is naturally the object of their attacks. Hence, says gossip, the "advice" just given to him by the King on the subject of travelling and its advantages.

The Court of Prussia has just married one of its innumerable Princesses, the bride wearing certain diamond ornaments known as the "Princesses Jewels," which are only worn by each of those exalted damsels once in her lifetime, viz., at the ball given in honour of her marriage. Princess Alexandrine has thus had the glory of appearing with jewels worth considerably over £200,000 sterling; and of seeing the redoubtable Bismarck figuring, torch in hand, at the head of a group of stately courtiers, all holding torches, in a solemn minuet, according to the "traditions" of Prussian royalty. Unluckily, the Princess has married a royal Duke with no royal pretensions, and, as such, entitled to a lower place at the royal table than the French and English Ambassadors, who were at the wedding, and who, being the representative of the *patron* of their respective sovereigns, take rank, like all others of their class, immediately after the sons and brothers of kings. As the King would not allow of the bridegroom to be snubbed at the royal table, on his wedding day, by being obliged to sit below the two Ambassadors, the latter were politely informed by the Chamberlain, that there were no seats for them at the banquet, and as etiquette forbade those exalted functionaries to sit at any lower table, there was nothing left for them but to sail out of the Royal presence, with their ladies and the members of their respective embassie, on the conclusion of the ceremony in the Royal Chapel. Happily we have outgrown the risks of steel and gunpowder as the consequences of little diplomatic incidents of such a nature; which allusion to the sinews of modern warfare reminds me that Capt. Schultze, of the Prussian artillery, has invented a new kind of gunpowder which he is largely manufacturing at Potsdam. The new powder is white, offers no danger in its manufacture, storage, or transport, makes no smoke, and is perfectly inoffensive until fired.

The court has has just come back to the Tuileries, where the marriage of Princess Anna Murat with the Duke de Mouchy is understood as to take place to-day. One of the gifts in the Princess's *trousseau* being the swaddling clothes of Henri IV, contained in a rich casket of the 15th century. If half the accounts that have been published of gifts of the Emperor and Empress to their favourite young cousin were true, the public really ought to be admitted to a sight of such a collection of splendours; but probably the usual amount of exaggeration must be allowed for. But, even with his allowance, the bride's outfit, jewels included, must be magnificent to a degree unusual even in Royal and Imperial regions.

The return of cold weather has brought the usual influx of invalids from the north. The old King of Bavaria is at Nice; and Queen Emma; of the Sandwich Islands, is established for the winter amidst the palms and sunshine of Hyeres.

The Paris cabmen memorialized the Emperor, praying his attention to their woes, and stating that they cannot, under the present increase in the price of all the necessaries of life, keep body and soul together on their present wages; they say they are aware of the folly of their late strike, and only wish for justice. The Emperor has sent them a kind answer, and is going to abolish the cab-monopoly.

CITY ITEMS.

RHUBARB IN THE MARKET.—Mr. W. B. Davidson of Tanneries West, we have observed with rhubarb fit for table use. The rhubarb as well as very good lettuces may be seen at the Terrapin to which Mr. Davidson has been bringing it for some days past. Mr. Davidson deserves credit from vegetarians for the skill he has shown thus giving an opportunity to those who can afford it of enjoying summer luxuries despite of the rigours of our northern climate.

EFFECTS OF THE COLD SPELL.—The recent cold weather, or something else, appears to have cast a spell over the owners of sleigh property and to have benumbed their faculties. Buffaloes have been found in all parts of the city, horses with sleighs have been walking about drivers less, and other unconsidered trifles have been picked up in various quarters by the police and others. A number of horses and sleighs were taken to the pound, and robes black, red and grey are in the different police stations, awaiting claimants. It would be well for those who have now awakened from the hybernation of their faculties to look after their lost and strayed property.

VICTORIA SKATING CLUB.—We understand that the Band of the D. C. O. Rifles Battalion is expected to play at the Rink to-morrow (Friday) evening.

POLICE COURT.—Pollidore Prive and Philomene Lacasse were charged by Sophia Harper, St. Elizabeth Street, with having damaged her property, by smashing in the door to her courtyard, and by breaking windows in the house. Mr. Garcault appeared for the prosecutor, and Mr. E. Roy for the defence. The witnesses for the prosecution said that the girl Lagasse had, on the night of the 29th ult., between nine and ten, come dressed in men's clothes and accompanied by a number of young men, to the house of the witness Harper, and demanded admittance, which was refused. They went away after the prisoner Lagasse had stood in the middle of the street and in loud tones used a great deal of abuse against Harper. They returned, and admittance being again refused, they proceeded to break open the door of the back-yard, and gained admission to the court, after which they broke some of the windows and the door. Five was seen the second time, after the door had been broken, but the witnesses failed to connect him with the assaulting party, and he was, therefore, discharged. Jos. Payette, another of the party, against whom information had been sworn, was arrested in Court after the trial had been begun, and as the prosecution stated there were some important witnesses to bring forward, his case and that of the female prisoner were adjourned, to be taken up this morning.

RECORDER'S COURT.—William Crosby, a milkman, for driving without a number was fined in $1. Eleanor Depati, Ann Gorman, and Ann Cleary were sent for two months to gaol for vagrancy. Elie Labrie and Louis Robillard, for driving with shafts contrary to law, were fined $2 each. Margaret Herl, who requested to be committed was sent down for two months. There were 13 cases in all.

REHEARSALS FOR THE CONCERT AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—The Directors of the series of Concerts at the Crystal Palace are determined that nothing shall be wanting to make them a complete success. The musical talent of Montreal, hitherto unknown, is being brought to light, many of the amateurs who have come forward being little, if at all, inferior to professionals. Last night a rehearsal took place in the Mechanics' Hall, conducted by Herr Relle, and it must have been highly gratifying to that gentleman to hear the progress made by those who have been so lately brought together. Herr Relle, by his quick observation, and his instant detection of the slightest fault, seemed to set every one on his mettle; and from the spirit manifested last night, there is no doubt that every one is determined to do his best. The thanks of the community are undoubtedly due to Col. Fane and Lieut. Swayne, for their exertions in promoting a love for good music, and the public will scarcely, we think, fail to shew by their attendance on the 22nd at the Crystal Palace, that this labour of love is appreciated.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.

The Treasurer of the British and Canadian School Society gratefully acknowledges the receipt of a liberal donation of one hundred dollars from the City and District Savings Bank.

The Treasurer of the Montreal Protestant Orphan Asylum thankfully acknowledges having received the generous donation of six hundred dollars from the Montreal City and District Savings Bank.

The Treasurer of the Ladies' Benevolent Institution has much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of the handsome and liberal donation of six hundred dollars from the President and Directors of the City and District Savings Bank.

The Treasurer of the Industrial Rooms returns grateful thanks to the President and Directors of the City and District Savings Bank for the liberal donation of one hundred dollars.

The United Committee of Out-door Relief of Protestant Poor, in connection with the House of Refuge, beg to acknowledge the following donations sent in on Wednesday, Dec. 10:—D. MacKay, Esq., of the Customs, $5; A. J. Pell, Esq., $5; A. T. Paterson, Esq., $10; Thomas Sellar, Esq., $1; John McLennan, Esq., $50; parcel of clothing from Mrs. Dodsworth; ten bags oatmeal from John Caverhill, Esq.; parcel of clothes from two unknown friends; and 4 bags rice and 15 lbs. tea from Messrs. Rimmer, Gunn & Co.

The Ladies' Committee of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society beg to return their best thanks to Donald Ross, Esq., for the beautiful bouquets and flowers sent to adorn their refreshment tables.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.—In the next number of Harper's Weekly a new tale called "Inside" is to be commenced. We are informed that it is a picture of the interior life of the South during the Rebellion, drawn by one who was born in that part of the country, and who has always lived there, with the exception of temporary visits elsewhere, and who was "inside' of the Rebellion from beginning to end. The author has been always an unswerving Union man, and his story, begun with the Rebellion and written as it progressed, was of a character which imperilled his life had it been discovered so that his wife carried it to church on Sundays concealed about her person; while, when sorely pressed, the author buried the MS. in the ground to escape detection.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ST GEORGES SOCIETY.

The Annual Meeting of the St. George's Society for the election of officers and the transaction of other business, was held last evening in Dolly's, the President, Mr. J. J. Day, in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and sustained after some amendments had been made. Messrs. William Roberts, Wm. Reardon, and Albert Turner, proposed at the last meeting, were duly elected. Messrs. Jos. Hickson, Henry Eaton, D. A. Turner, Jos. Toby, and Alfred Bailey was proposed for membership. The report of the Board of Management was then read. It referred to the valuable services of the Charitable Committee; the lamented death of the Hon. Geo. Moffatt, which occurred since the last meeting, and stated that the first concert in February was a success, but the latter in September proved a failure financially. A Christmas dinner, too, had been given to a large number of the poor at the Home. A considerable sum had been received in the shape of donations during the past year. But the income was much smaller than it should be. The report was received and adopted. The Secretary's report was next read. During the year one life member and 20 new members were added to the roll. Two old and one new member had been removed by death, and nine ceased to be members. There were nine members less this year than last. The report of the Treasurer showed that the receipts were $1255,19 and the disbursements $1160,43, showing a balance of $94,76. The report of the Charitable Committee was next read by the chairman Mr. J. E. Pell.

During the year the committee met regularly every Wednesday morning to receive applications for relief, and no reasonably deserving applicant has been sent empty away. The whole amount distribiuted, as shown by the Treasurer's report, was $600.67. With reference to the out-door relief, while the Committee cannot help regretting that much necessarily is given to the improvident, yet a large proportion has been given to the widow and the fatherless, the aged and the infirm, and the stranger in a strange land. With reference to the Home, the Committee are fully satisfied of its necessity. In fact, without it the operations of the Society would be of little avail in the sphere among which it is intended to move. There have been 85 persons accommodated with, in it during the year for various periods; the late Matron, Mrs. Summers, left to go to the States during the early part of the year, and Mrs. Wallace, then an inmate was appointed in her stead. The St. George's Church Y. M. C. Association visited and held religious services in the House during the year, besides rendering valuable and substantial aid to many of its inmates. A bereavement took place during the fall of the year to form at the House of Refuge a united committee for the relief of the whole Protestant poor of the city. The Committee recommend the matter to the early attention of their successors. The Committee strongly urged that as soon and as far as it can be accomplished the permanent and resident poor of the city should be left to be provided for by the House of Refuge, leaving your Society to what the Committee believe to be its legitimate sphere of operations, viz., the relief of the indigent and those meeting with some casual or accidental misfortunes of English birth or descent. For the purpose of obtaining means to buy a site and build a "House," the chairman of the Committee has offered to proceed to England, provided a sum of money for expenses is furnished him (by private subscription); if successful (which he feels sanguine of being), he would require a small compensation for his time; if not, he would cheerfully sacrifice it. The standing and position that a building of a suitable character owned by the Society would give it, could not be too highly estimated, and it would be for the Society to decide whether the project shall be attempted or not, It has a good claim upon their wealthy fellow-countrymen in England for the purpose, so many destitute people being either sent or coming out here.

The report closed with thanks for the many generous contributions they had received, and for the facilities afforded by the various railway and steamboat companies for the facilities afforded in forwarding emigrants. There had been sent to Toronto, 113; London, 70; Hamilton, 4; Sherbrooke, 2; Rutland, 2; New York, 4; Three Rivers, 1; Quebec, 10; Port Hope, 3; Kingston, 3; Rouse's Point, 2; Ottawa, 1; Portland, 1. Ten cords of wood have been given during the year, two funerals have been furnished with coffins and hearses; a large number of situations obtained, and other services rendered.

Some conversational discussion took place on the report. Mr. Bulmer urged the application of the funds to the relief of emigrants only; they were not sufficient to provide for the resident poor. Mr. Pell had great hopes of carrying the scheme of the new building; and as they had a claim on the people of England, from which many emigrants were sent and relieved here.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Berry gave notice of a motion for next meeting, to enable the Board to be empowered on the Board of Management the power of admitting members at their monthly meetings.

The election of officers for the ensuing year then proceeded, resulting as follows:—

President—Mr. J. J. Day.

1st Vice-President—Mr. Wm. Clare; 2nd do. —Mr. Wm. Turner.

Treasurer—Mr. Wm. S. Walker.

Secretary—Mr. Edw. Oxley; Asst. do.—Mr. W. D. Stroud.

Chaplains—Rev. Canon White and Rev. Dr. Wilkes

Board of Directors—Messrs. J. E. Pell, J. Gardner, W. R. Tabb, Henry, Wright, Grant, Isaacson, Bulmer.

Physicians—Drs. Smallwood, Fenwick and Drake.

Auditors—Messrs. Lewis and Parkin.

A vote of thanks was proposed and carried to the officers of the past year, a high tribute being paid to Mr. Pell, of the Board of Management, for his very efficient and valuable services.

The meeting then adjourned.

PROTESTANT ORPHAN ASYLUM.

The Forty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Protestant Orphan Asylum was held in the Home, St. Catherine Street, yesterday. There was a large meeting of ladies and gentlemen. The Rev. Dr. Jenkins took the chair, and after reading a portion of Scripture and engaging in prayer, he, in the name of the Secretary, with whom, he said, they must all sympathise in the loss she had sustained, read the Annual Report, which was to the following effect:—

The Report acknowledges the many blessings that had attended the Asylum during the past year, although there had been many trials, as there never had, in so short a space in the history of the institution, been such frequent calls to mourn the loss of old and revered friends, who had, from the commencement, fostered and sustained this work of benevolence. The names of those removed by death are the Hons. George Moffatt, Justice Gale and Justice Mc-Cord, Messrs. Benjamin Hall, James Logan, James Milne, Mrs. A. F. Holmes, Miss Barrett and Mrs. N. Mower.

The ladies notice with great anxiety their diminished resources, and although the past forbids them to despond, yet they think it right to bring their difficulties before those able to assist them, and this is judged to be the more necessary from apprehensions felt as to the approach of the cholera, so that they might be prepared for any emergency. The expenses have been for the purposes of the institution, exclusive of the Government grant, amounted to $1819.06, a smaller sum than has been received for years past. The total expenditure was $1947.94, being less than the previous year. The casual donations have much fallen off, while the annual subscriptions are $300 less than usual. Bequests to the amount of $540 have been made to the Endowment Fund, being $309 more than last year. The number of children benefited by the charity during the year was 49, viz., 27 boys and 22 girls maintained at an average rate of $39,75 each. There are 17 as indentured apprentices in different parts of the Province, for whose benefit the Treasurer has deposited in the Savings Bank $236,16. There is also held in trust for 15 orphans the further sum of $303,28. Four orphans have received $69,30 of their indentured fees, and four have benefitted by the reward Fund to the extent of $50,13 of the latter sum, $24 being awarded to an orphan to pay an instalment on a lot of land on the Ottawa. The ladies would express their thanks to the Legislature of Canada, for the annual grant; to the City and District Savings Bank, for the munificent gift of $600; to George Macrae, Esq., Advocate, and to Dr. R. P. Howard, for their valuable services, and to the Auxiliary Bible Society, for 12 copies of Bible for outgoing children, to the family of the Mr. Dawes at Lachine for a very valuable present of vegetables; and to Mr. John Gardner, druggist, for medicines gratuitously supplied. At the close of last year there were 36 children remaining, 13 have been admitted; 5 have been apprenticed out, and 6 restored to relatives, leaving 38 now in the Asylum, the majority being very young. In October last a coloured girl, who had been placed with a pious family in the country, died after having given every evidence of Christian faith. At the time of her admission, her education had been almost entirely neglected. The Institution has been blessed with health, and the highest satisfaction is felt with Mrs. Cribb, the Matron, and under Miss L. Tracey, their kind teacher, the children are making favourable progress. The ladies are much encouraged in their labour of love by the letters they receive from former inmates now in different parts of the Province. At Christmas the little family in the Asylum were particularly well cared for, and the only regret expressed is that those who contributed were not present. The report concludes by an earnest appeal for assistance to those who have helped in times past, and pray that they may be prepared for all the future has in store for them.

The following resolutions were respectively put to the meeting and carried unanimously:—

Moved by Mrs. Low, seconded by Mrs. H. Rams